

ERRATA TO THE FIRST VERSION of the EUROPEAN PERINATAL HEALTH REPORT: Core indicators of the health and care of pregnant women and babies in Europe in 2015

I. Collaborators added to Appendix A

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II. Data updates

In addition to some typographical errors in the text and clarification in the notes to tables, the following data changes were made:

1. Data availability

In Figure 2.1, p. 31, data availability for Euro-Peristat indicators was updated.

2. Multiple births

In Appendix B C7, p. 164, the data source and number of mothers for Lithuania was corrected to 2 and 31 160.

3. Distribution of parity

In Figure C9.1, p. 53, minor changes were made to denominators in Belgium (120 681 not 120 716) and Lithuania (31 601 not 31 160).

In Appendix B C9, p.166, we have clarified that data for Greece are grouped for parities 3 and 4+.

4. Smoking during pregnancy

Data from surveys in 2010 and 2015 on smoking during pregnancy in the Netherlands were not correctly weighted and these have been corrected to 8.6% in 2015 and 8.1% in 2010 (changes to Table and Figure R8.1, Figure R8.2, Appendix B R8, p. 59 – 60 – 61 - 168). Because of this change, their risk ratio is 1.05 (0.84 – 1.33) and the pooled risk ratio changes slightly.

5. Mode of delivery

In Figure C10.1, p. 74, the number of mothers for Czech Republic is 107 618 and not 111 162.

6. Maternal mortality

In Appendix B C6_A, p. 162, there is no enhanced data collection system in Cyprus.

7. Fetal mortality

In the text, p. 97, changes were made to the proportions of missing data for birth weight: Spain (15.6%), France (22.4%), Italy (25.7%), Cyprus (29.0%), Luxembourg (3.3%), Hungary (22.4%), Netherlands (6.6%), Slovakia (3.8%), Finland (3.5%), Scotland (13.3%) and Northern Ireland (4.9%).

In Figures C1.1 and C1.2, p. 100 and 101, data for Lithuania has been updated to 3.6/1000 at and after 24 weeks, and 2.9/1000 at and after 28 weeks. Similarly, in Figure C1.3, p. 102, the risk ratio has been updated to 0.85 (0.64, 1.12).

In Figure C1.1, p. 100, data for Bulgaria has been updated to 6.9/1000 at and after 24 weeks, and 5.7/1000 at and after 28 weeks. Number of total births for Denmark is 57 847 not 57 871.

8. Neonatal mortality

Data for Bulgaria has been updated to 4.3/1000 at and after 24 weeks (Figure C2.2, p. 108. Appendix B C2_B, p.156)

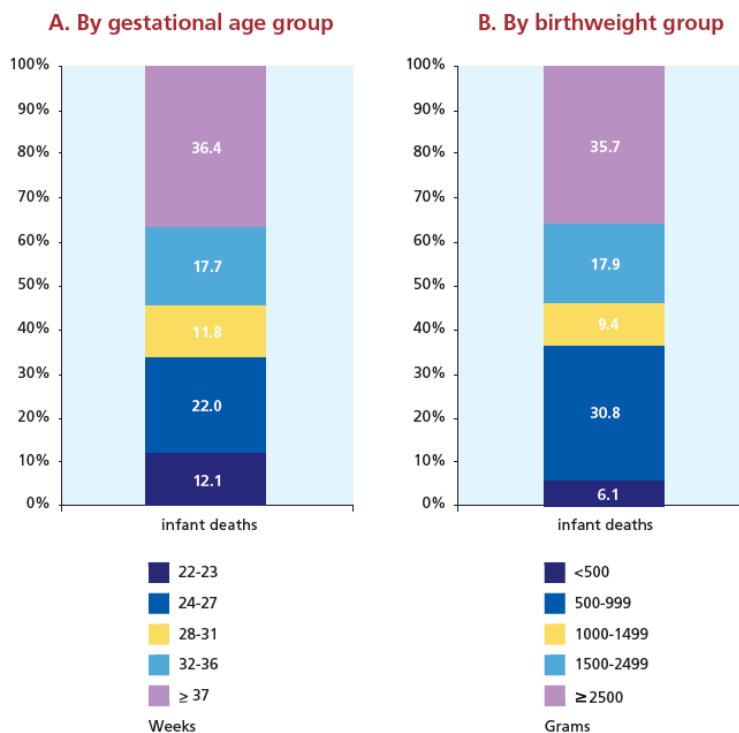
Data for Lithuania has been updated to 2.0/1000 at and after 24 weeks (Figures C2.2 and C2.4, p. 108 and 110).

Data for England and Wales has been updated to 1.6/1000 at and after 24 weeks (Figure C2.2 and Appendix B C2_A and B, p. 108 and 155).

This led to minor changes in risk ratios (Figure C2.5, p. 111).

9. Infant mortality

Figure C3.3.A and C3.3.B, p. 119, were updated (as below) and the text modified to reflect the new proportions.



In Appendix B C3, p.157, data for UK: England and Wales corresponds to cohort data and not annual.

10. Distribution of gestational age

In Figure C5.1, p. 135, the number of live births for Belgium is 122 240 and not 122 269.

In Figure C5.2, p. 136, data for Greece is grouped for births 39 weeks and over, but this was not clear in the previous graph.